

Monthly Performance Dashboard October 2024



NHC Toka Tū Ake - Our Story

NHC Toka Tū Ake has undergone many changes since our scheme began, all in support of **our vision**:

To be a world-class public insurance scheme that reduces the impact of natural hazards on people, property, and the community.

As our experience and understanding of the natural hazards facing Aotearoa New Zealand continues to evolve, so do we.

Toka: (noun) rock, large stone, boulder

Tū: (verb) to stand, take place, set in place, establish

Ake: (particle) to raise upwards



Our dashboard explained

Our dashboard provides a monthly snapshot of NHC Toka Tū Ake progress across its operational spectrum. This includes reporting on progress against our proposed performance targets for the year 1 July 2024 to 30 June 2025 as set out in our *Statement of Performance Expectations 2024-25*.

The following provides an outline of the sections of our dashboard and a brief explanation of each section.

Section 01 - Progressing our Statement of Performance Expectation (SOPE) measures

The Statement of Performance Expectations 2024-2025 (SoPE) is one of our formal public accountability documents. It sets out our proposed performance targets and forecast financial information.

Statement of Performance Expectations 2024-25

This section reports progress across those SoPE measures that can be measured on a monthly or quarterly basis. The results are cumulative year-to-date results.

Section 02 - Output 1 | Resilience

Resilience is output one of our SOPE. The vision for our Resilience Strategy is that natural hazards resilience becomes embedded in all aspects of decision-making for our homes, communities, towns and cities.

This section provides a quarterly update on the activities we're undertaking to give effect to our Resilience Strategy. The activities undertaken fall under the two strands of the strategy: Building knowledge, data and insights on natural hazard impacts and ways to reduce them; and enabling, influencing and advocating for natural hazards resilience.

Output 2 | Readiness (SOPE measure results only, reported under Section 01)

Readiness is output two of our SOPE. Readiness focuses on ensuring our capacity and readiness for an event, including prioritising the needs of vulnerable homeowners. Reporting on how well we're progressing this year's SOPE measures to maintain this focus can be found in this section (refer to measures 2.1-4).

Output 3 | Risk financing (SOPE measure results only, reported under Section 01)

Risk financing is output three of our SOPE. Our risk financing objective is for homeowners to have an accessible, sustainable way to help manage financial impacts of natural hazard events. This output supports our core legislative functions to contribute to the management of the financial risk to the Crown of providing natural hazards cover. Reporting on how well we're progressing this year's SOPE measures for this output can be found in this section (refer to measures 3.1.1-2, 3.2.1-2, and 3.3.1).

Section 03 - Output 4 | Recovery

Recovery is output four of our SOPE and focuses on the way claims are managed after an event. Our recovery objectives are for homeowners to have an accessible, sustainable way to help manage financial impacts of natural hazard events by receiving settlements that support effective recovery from these events.

This section encompass the three sub-output classes under Recovery, which are:

Recovery | Canterbury

This sub-output class reports on the progress of outstanding claims arising from the Canterbury sequence of earthquakes 2010-11 ('Canterbury') including claims NHC Toka Tū Ake is managing on behalf of Southern Response. Reporting each month includes how many claims have been reopened; resolved; and how many remain open. We profile our remaining on hand claims by age, complexity, and reopen reason. Our reporting here includes our progress to resolve claims subject to legal proceedings or other dispute resolution pathways.

Within this sub-output class we report on our progress in the delivery of the Government on-sold support package, on behalf of the Government, to support owners of on-sold over cap properties in Canterbury to access financial help to have their homes repaired.

Recovery | Claims relating to natural hazard events (excl. Canterbury)

This sub-output class reports on the progress of outstanding claims not related to the 2010-11 Canterbury earthquake sequence. We report each month on how many claims have been received; resolved; and how many remain open. The data in this section is organised by loss event type (earthquake, landslip, flood or storm damage). We profile our remaining on hand claims by damage type and age.

Recovery | Claims relating to North Island weather events: January to February 2023

This sub-output class reports on the progress of outstanding claims that are attributed to the North Island weather events of January and February 2023. We report each month on how many claims have been received; resolved; and how many remain open. The data in this section is organised by loss event type (earthquake, landslip, flood or storm damage). We profile our remaining on hand claims by damage type and age.

Our dashboard explained (cont.)

Section 04 - Meeting our obligations under the Code of Insured Persons' Rights

<u>The Code of Insured Persons' Rights</u> supports you to be treated fairly and receive a timely outcome when you make a claim. Your rights and our obligations under the Code are set out in full in the Code. The Code applies to any interactions from 1 July 2024 about new or existing natural hazards cover claims. NHC Toka Tū Ake, or anyone working on our behalf, must follow the Code.

This section monitors complaints made by insured persons. Specifically we report on whether we're resolving complaints in a timely manner and reporting on the uptake of other resolution avenues available under the Code.

The Code is a requirement under the NHI Act and addresses the lessons learned from previous natural hazard events. Public feedback helped us develop the Code.

Section 05 - Coverage and engagement through media

This section monitors the volume and sentiment of NHC Toka Tū Ake media coverage and what's driving it and where it's being driven in terms of media channel. We report on the sentiment of coverage across key themes along with reporting on our social media profiles in terms of the growth of our Facebook and LinkedIn profiles and the content that's increasing our profiles.

Section 06 - Complying with the Official Information Act

This section monitors how well we're complying with meeting our responsibilities to respond to requests for information covered by the Official Information Act and the Privacy Act. Our reporting in this section includes the volume of information requests we've: received; completed; and have remaining on hand at the end of the month. Our reporting categorises information requests into two types: those in which our customers request information and/or supportive information from us on their claim (Customer OIA); and OIA requests that relate directly to NHC Toka Tū Ake and/or operational activities (Organisational OIAs). Reporting on our compliance rate for both information request types is monitored and reported here.

In this section we also provide visibility on the number of formal notices received from the Ombudsman of investigation into a complaint received. This reporting also includes any final opinions reached by the Ombudsman.

The other reporting element of this section centres around the volume of requests received to draft a response for the Minister's Office.

Section 07 - Data protection

This section monitors how well we're protecting the data that we hold. In particular, we report on privacy breach volumes each month as well as the severity and nature of those breaches. We also report on any emerging themes.

Section 08 - Our people

This section monitors a number of organisational performance markers including: headcount - overlayed by claim population movement; avg. annual leave balance; avg. sick leave usage; and voluntary turnover. We compare our results to the corresponding Public Service average and provide visibility on what's influencing movement within these markers. This section also provides a broad profile of our workforce, across a number of dimensions.

Output one: resilience

1. A resilience programme that informs, enables and influences for improved analysis and public understanding of natural hazards risk

The NHI Act increases the NHC Toka Tū Ake focus on resilience. Our strategic priority for resilience is to strengthen resilience by building knowledge and understanding of natural hazards risk to improve decision-making.

Our **resilience** objective is to equip decision-makers, homeowners and communities with better understanding of natural hazards risks so they can take action to reduce risk and strengthen resilience.

Output 1 | Performance measures

Ref	Measure	Target	YTD Result		Status Trend
	Number of Natural Hazards Portal users, and percentage of those seeking further information	>40,000 users	27,837	0 10,000 20,000 30,000 40,000 50,000	On track ↑ 10,553
1.1	(via the PDF download function or Naturals Hazard Portal-driven OIA requests)	>15% seek further information	16.2%	n = 27,837, 16.2% 0% 5% 10% 15% 20% 25% 30%	On track ↓0.5%
1.2	Number of downloads of our publicly available research and resilience documents	>1,200	8,377	8,377 0 5,000 10,000 15,000	Achieved
	Number of formal submissions made on central and local government policy and plans, and percentage of recommendations that are partially or fully accepted or acted on	>5 submissions	0	In total there are 12 active submissions, 3 lodged in 2024. No submissions were lodged during the quarter to 30 September 2024). One submission is in preparation for lodgement next quarter.	N/A
1.3		>20% of recommendations accepted or acted on	0%	In progress, not yet reportable.	N/A
1.4	Percentage of homeowners surveyed who say they have acted on any of the six key preparedness actions promoted by NHC Toka Tū Ake	>57%	58%	In progress, Q1 survey result confirmed.	On track
1.5	Progress on delivering our loss modelling strategy via agreed roadmap milestones	Achieved	-	The review of our Loss Modelling Strategy and Roadmap is now complete. Work is now underway to revisit our requirements.	On track
1.6	A research Benefits Management Framework is finalised and implemented, enabling the ability to track the short, medium, and longterm impacts and benefits of research	Achieved	-	Research Benefits Management Framework finalised, and implementation of the framework has begun.	On track

Output two: readiness

2. Ensuring capacity and readiness for an event

Our **readiness** objective is to prepare NHC Toka Tū Ake and its partners to deliver the best possible claims management process for homeowners when a natural hazard event strikes. This means supporting homeowner and community recovery, by working with our insurer partners to deliver a transparent, timely, high-quality and responsive process for natural hazards insurance claims.

Output 2 | Performance measures

Ref	Measure	Target	YTD Result		Status Trend
2.1	Document and present to the Board an implementation plan based on the lessons learned from previous events (including the 2023 North Island Weather Events) and scenario response strategies, to enable improved efficiency and effectiveness	Achieved	Achieved	The implementation plan was approved by the Board in late September. The intention now is to deliver the work required across the five key focus areas by 30 June 2026.	Achieved
2.2	NHC Toka Tū Ake is satisfied NDRM insurers have effective surge plans to support the NDRM to respond to a natural hazard event resulting in up to 100,000 homeowner claims under the natural hazards scheme	100%	-	Surge plans are in place and are now in the process of being tested for effectiveness. This phase will help us identify any potential gaps and make the necessary improvements to improve preparedness for a major event.	On track
2.3	NHC Toka Tū Ake participates in a maximum of two natural hazards exercises with stakeholders and insurer partners to test the natural hazards scheme's preparedness for a significant natural hazard event	100%	-	The first natural hazard exercise with stakeholders, Exercise Ruruku, is scheduled for 27 November 2024. Ruruku in Te Reo Māori means to bind; band or bond.	On track
2.4	New Zealanders have increasing trust and confidence in NHC Toka Tū Ake	Public Sector Reputation Index ≥59	-	This annual measure is based on the annual Public Sector Reputation (PSR) Index Report. We will report our PSR Index score in our Jun-25 report.	N/A

Output three: risk financing

3.1. Maintain a reinsurance programme that supports the delivery of accessible residential natural hazards insurance protection

Our risk financing objective is for homeowners to have an accessible, sustainable way to help manage financial impacts of natural hazard

The risk financing out class supports our core legislative functions to contribute to the management of the financial risk to the Crown of providing natural hazards cover by:

- managing the Natural Hazard Fund
- collecting levies payable for insurance under the NHI Act
- obtaining reinsurance and other risk transfer products.

Measure

Develop an investment strategy and framework

based on the parameters provided in the Crown's

Funding and Risk Management Statement (FRMS)

Ref

3.3.1

by 30 June 2025

Outpu	it 3.1 Performance measures				
Ref	Measure	Target	YTD Result		Status Trend
3.1.1	Reinsurance protection for 2025-2026 is obtained on terms that assure continuity of coverage for all hazards under the NHI Act, at rates that are lower than the Crown's ceded cost of capital	1 June 2025	-	Not yet reportable.	N/A
3.1.2	An annual review of the risk financing strategy is completed	Achieved	-	Not yet reportable.	N/A
3.2. M	anaging the Natural Hazard Fund (NHF)				
Outpu	it 3.2 Performance measures				
Ref	Measure	Target	YTD Result		Status Trend
3.2.1	The percentage of levies collected compared to the annual budget	100%	102%	To date: FY2024-25 budget \$298.9m, levies collected \$304.1m 102% 0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100% 120%	↓ 0.7% on Sep-24 EOM
3.2.2	The Natural Hazard Fund is managed in accordance with parameters outlined in the FRMS	100%	-	Compliant. The Natural Hazards Fund is being managed in accordance with parameters outlined in the FRMS.	On track
3.3. F	unding and Risk Management Statement				
Outpu	rt 3.3 Performance measures				
Ref	Measure	Target	YTD		Status

Result

Not yet reportable. We expect to be in a position to report

on progress in the next quarter.

Trend

N/A

Target

Output four: recovery

Our **recovery** objectives are for homeowners to have an accessible, sustainable way to help manage financial impacts of natural hazard events by receiving settlements that support effective recovery from these events.

Our recovery output class focuses on the way claims are managed after an event. From 1 July 2024 we are managing two insurance schemes:

- for events that occurred on or prior to 30 June 2024, EQCover applies.
- for events occurring on or after 1 July 2024, NHCover applies.

4.1. Settlement of the 2010-2011 Canterbury earthquake sequence claims

Output 4.1 is specifically focused on serving homeowners with claims from the **2010-2011 Canterbury earthquake sequence**, including claims NHC Toka Tū Ake manages on behalf of Southern Response. The measures address both the timeliness and homeowner focus of the claims management services.

We have changed the timeliness measure under this output class. The new measure applies regardless of the date of claim lodgement and requires an escalating percentage of claims to be resolved over time. For example, the measure requires 85% of reopened claims to be resolved within six months of lodgement and 99% of claims within 24 months.

New measures have been added to report on the pre-settlement and post-settlement status of Canterbury On-sold claims (4.1.4 and 4.1.5). We have removed the measure used in previous years that Southern Response claims are managed in accordance with our agreement with Southern Response.

Measures 4.1.6 and 4.1.7 measure timeliness and customer satisfaction for Canterbury claims. We have reduced the number of homeowner satisfaction measures to a single measure of satisfaction of the overall claims experience (4.1.6). In previous years we had further, more specific satisfaction measures. Reducing the measures to one simplifies reporting for the SoPE. We will continue to ask homeowners more specific questions to inform the overall satisfaction results.

Output 4.1 | Performance measures | Timeliness

Ref	Measure	Target	YTD Result							Status Trend
4.1.1	Percentage of reopened claims settled from the date that they were reopened	85% within six months	88.6%	1,00		■Settled ■C	1,007 = 8	•		↑ 0.4% on Sep-24 EOM
		90% within 12 months	95.1%	74			1,081	= 95.1%		↓ 0.3% on Sep-24 EOM
		95% within 18 months	99.2%	47			1,12	28 = 99.2%		↓ 0.1% on Sep-24 EOM
		99% within 24 months	99.7%	6	20%	40%	1,13	34 = 99.7% 80%	100%	↑ 0.1% on Sep-24 EOM

Note

The results seen in the above chart are cumulative. As at October EOM, there were 1,137 claims settled YTD in scope for this measure (n = 1,137). Three claims have required more than 24 months to be settled.

4.1.2	The On-sold ex gratia package is administered in accordance with the On-sold Canterbury Properties Services Agreement	100%	100%	0%	20%	40%	60%	80%	100%	
	Measure						Standard	YTD R	esult	
	A decision on the outcome of the Application will be coall required documentation and reports.	nveyed to the	Applicant v	vithin one	e month o	of receiving	100%	1	100%	On track
	NHC Toka Tū Ake will provide reporting to the Treasury as specified in Schedule 4 of the On-Sold Canterbury Achieved Achieved Properties Services Agreement.								ieved	
	Applications for ex gratia payments will be assessed aga Properties Services Agreement and a decision on the ou Applicant within one month of receiving all required do	utcome of the	Application	n will be o		-	100%	1	100%	

Output four: recovery (cont.)

Output 4.1 | Performance measures | Timeliness

Ref	Measure	Target	YTD Result						Status Trend
4.1.3	Pre-settlement: the percentage decrease in the number of On-sold applications in the presettlement phase	30% decrease	22%	363 Jun-24	345 Jul-24	320 Aug-24	305 Sep-24	% decrease 284 Oct-24	↓ 5.8% on Sep-24 EOM

6%

Note

As at Jun-24 EOM there were 363 applications on hand in Pre-settlement WIP. The target is a 30% decrease (109) to arrive at 254 applications or less by Jun-25 EOM.

Post-settlement: the percentage increase in **4.1.4** number of On-sold applications closed/completed in the financial year

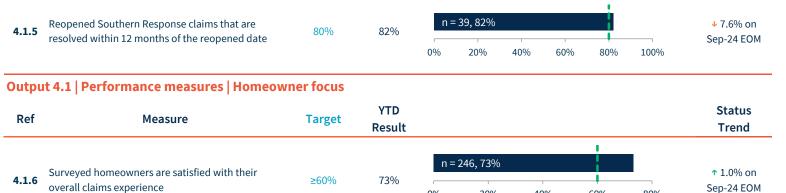
25% increase

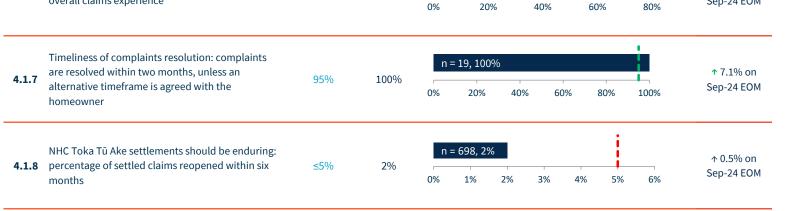


↑ 1.6% on Sep-24 EOM

Notes

- As at Jun-24 EOM there were 1,095 applications in Post-settlement. The target is a 25% increase (274) to arrive at 1,369 applications or more by Jun-25 EOM.
- As at Oct-24 EOM, Post-settlement WIP has decreased from 312 to 274, while Closed with Crown Settlement (Paid in Full) has increased from 783 to 886.





Output four: recovery (cont.)

4.2. Claims relating to natural hazard events (excluding Canterbury)

Output 4.2 is focused on claims to the scheme that occurred after the 2010-2011 Canterbury earthquake sequence. These measures address the timeliness, quality and cost of claims resolution for all other events, including claims management services provided by our insurer partners under the operating model from 30 June 2021 onwards. Measures addressing quality, customer experience, and cost of claim resolution related to claims generated for the North Island Weather Events are included in output 4.3.

We have changed the timeliness measure under this output class. The new measure applies regardless of the date of claim lodgement and requires an escalating percentage of claims to be settled over time. For example, the measure requires 80% of claims to be settled within 12 months of lodgement and 90% of claims within 24 months.

As with output class 4.1, we have reduced the number of homeowner satisfaction measures to one (4.2.2) on overall satisfaction.

Output 4.2 | Performance measures | Timeliness

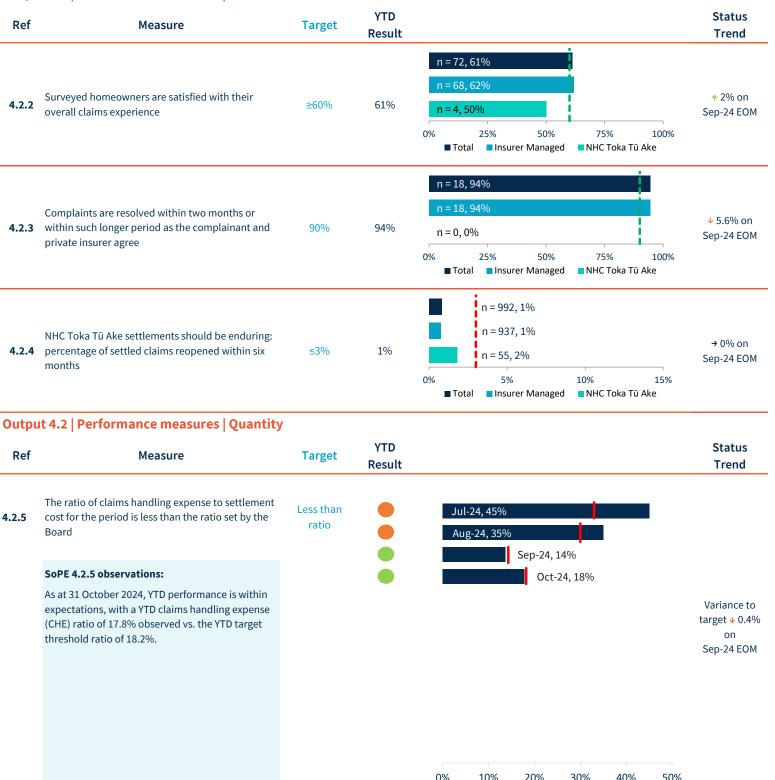


Notes

- The results seen in the above charts are cumulative, e.g., Total settled within 24 months is 974 (65.8% within 12 mths) + 498 (33.6% within 13-24 mths) = 1,472 (99.5%).
- As at October EOM, there were a total of 1,480 settled claims in scope for this measure (n = 1,480). The charts above show 1,479 because one claim required more than 48 months to be settled.

Output four: recovery (cont.)

Output 4.2 | Performance measures | Homeowner focus



Notes

- This measure is specific to claims managed by our insurer partners under the Natural Disaster Response Model (NDRM), which commenced on 30 June 2021.
- $\bullet \ \, \text{The threshold is recalibrated each month, and } \underline{\text{includes}} \, \text{Kaikoura and} \, \underline{\text{excludes}} \, \text{annual fixed fees.} \\$
- The methodology used to calculate this measure was approved by the Board on 12 May 2021.

Output four: recovery (cont.)

4.3. Claims relating to North Island Weather Events: January - February 2023

In 2023-2024 we introduced independent performance measures for the response to the impacts of severe weather events in the North Island (including the Auckland Anniversary Weekend floods in January 2023 and Cyclone Gabrielle in February 2023).

Several of these measures have been retained for 2024-2025 to reflect that claims for this event continue to be lodged and there is ongoing complexity in resolving claims involving significant land damage. Settlement timeliness of claims generated for the North Island Weather Events is captured in the 'Timeliness' measure 4.2.1.

Output 4.3 | Performance measures | Homeowner focus

Ref	Measure	Target	YTD Result		Status Trend
4.3.1	Surveyed homeowners are satisfied with their overall claims experience	≥60%	32%	n = 37, 32% n = 37, 32% n = 0 0% 25% 50% 75% 100% Total Insurer Managed NHC Toka Tū Ake	↓ 1% on Sep-24 EOM
4.3.2	Complaints are resolved within two months or within such longer period as the complainant and private insurer agree	90%	97%	n = 58, 97% n = 57, 96% n = 1, 100% 0% 25% 50% 75% 100% ■ Total ■ Insurer Managed ■ NHC Toka Tū Ake	↓ 1.2% on Sep-24 EOM
4.3.3	NHC Toka Tū Ake settlements should be enduring: percentage of settled claims reopened within six months	≤5%	0.7%	n = 1,897, 0.7% n = 14,7.1% 0% 2% 4% 6% 8% 10% Total Insurer Managed NHC Toka Tū Ake	→ 0% on Sep-24 EOM

Section 2 - Resilience

Our Resilience Strategy

Our vision is that natural hazards resilience becomes embedded in all aspects of decision making for our homes, towns and cities.

Our goal is to inform, enable and influence the choices and decisions that reduce vulnerability and the exposure of New Zealand's built environment to natural hazard events.

In simple terms, the result will be stronger homes, built on better land, served by resilient infrastructure, supported by affordable risk capital.

WE WILL DO THIS THROUGH:

Building knowledge, data and insights on natural hazard impacts and ways to reduce them

Enabling, influencing and advocating for natural hazards resilience

RESEARCH	LOSS MODELLING	RISK REDUCTION	PUBLIC EDUCATION
Invest in research and research capability targeted to reducing the risk of impacts from natural hazards on people, property, and the community.	To provide an authoritative, insightful, and internationally respected view of NZ's natural risk hazard	Inform, enable, and influence risk-informed, evidence-based risk reduction.	Empower individuals, households and communities with information and actions they can take to manage risk and strengthen resilience.

We report on a quarterly basis what we're doing to progress our Resilience strategy

The quarterly frequency of our progress reporting takes into account that the nature of the work undertaken to progress our Resilience strategy is more suited to quarterly progress reporting.

Our next quarterly update will be provided in the NHC Toka Tū Ake Performance Dashboard - December 2024.

Our updates will focus on what we're doing to advance our Resilience strategy under the following strands.



Quarterly update

Building knowledge, data and insights on natural hazard impacts and ways to reduce them

Research
 Loss modelling



Quarterly update

Enabling, influencing and advocating for natural hazards resilience

Risk reduction
 Public education

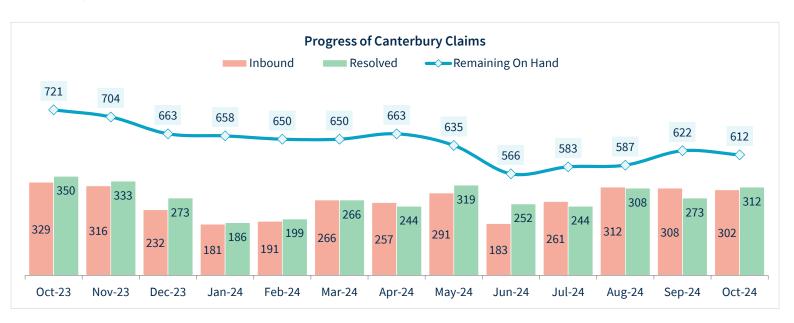
Section 3 - Recovery | Canterbury earthquake sequence claims

During October, 76% of resolved claims were settled within 3 months of reopening, while 6% were 'aged claims' (claims older than 12 months).

Sampling of the 302 claims inbound during October indicated 73% were categorised as 'simple' claims i.e., closed or forecast to close by the end of December. A further 34% are classified as 'standard' complexity (3-6 month forecast duration), and 3% classified as 'complex' (>6 month forecast duration). Closure forecast accuracy this month was 72% (cf. 73% in September).

Missed damage continued to be the top homeowner-initiated reopen category in October, accounting for 72% of reopens. Drainage/plumbing-related reasons remain the biggest driver of claims reopened for missed damage (75%).

The age profile of remaining claims reveals that 39% are <3 months old while aged claims (>12 months old) account for 16%. Settling aged claims remains an ongoing focus. Currently we have 99 aged claims (cf. 98 last month) and 134 aging claims (48 claims aged 9-12 months and 86 claims aged 6-9 months).



Open Canterbury Claims by Reopen Reason Missed Damage, 72%

Claim has been reopened as the homeowner has concerns regarding additional damage on previously scoped or unscoped elements and requires review and assessment.

Homeowner Complaint, 3%

Claim is reopened due to formal expression by the homeowner of dissatisfaction with the management of the claim.

Additional Payment, 2%

Claim has been reopened to make additional payment/s to settle Natural Disaster Damage in accordance with EQC Act, and any other payments required to support resolution of the claim.

Requested information received from homeowner, 4%

Claim is reopened as the homeowner has returned with information previously requested by EQC Toka

Tū Ake to progress the claim.



Repair Methodology, 6%

Claim has been reopened as the homeowner has concerns regarding elements of the repair methodology* or strategy that was recommended or followed, to settle natural disaster damage in accordance with EQC Act.

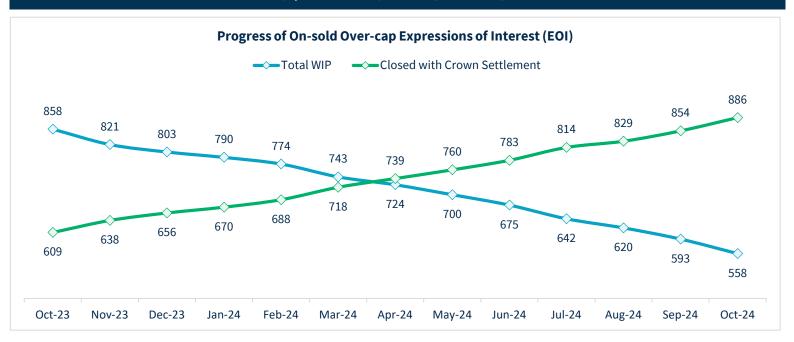
* Methodology: determining a repair strategy for damage relating to Natural Disaster using appropriate qualified specialist assessments.

Repair Quality, 13%

The homeowner has identified defects or quality issues with repairs previously completed and managed by EQC Toka Tū Ake* that need to be assessed to settle Natural Disaster Damage in accordance with the EQC Act

*Note: Issues with repairs managed by the homeowner following cash settlement need to be resolved directly by the homeowner with the contractor.

Section 3 - Recovery | Canterbury earthquake sequence claims (cont.)

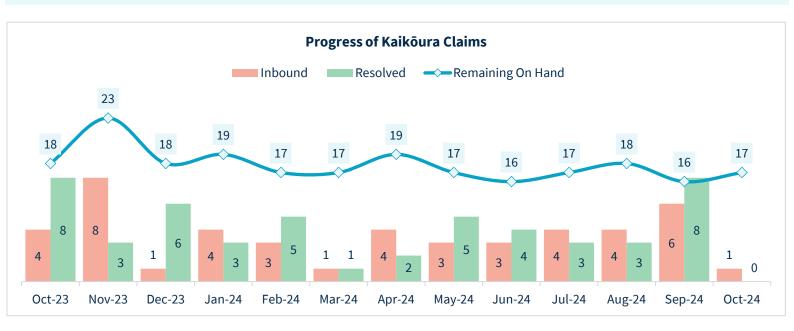


At the end of September, our On-sold WIP includes:

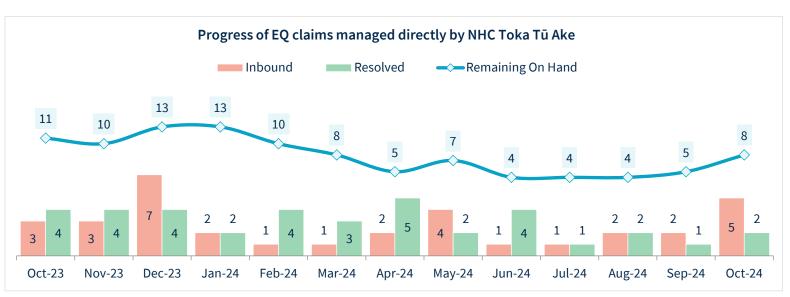
- **Pre-settlement** 284 EOIs on hand that are being reviewed for eligibility or are being managed through our On-Sold assessment/settlement process ('Pre-settlement'), including 53 Awaiting Agreement with Customers.
- **Post-settlement** 274 applications with customer acceptance of settlement offer, being prepared for payment, or with tranche payments in progress for customer-managed repairs.

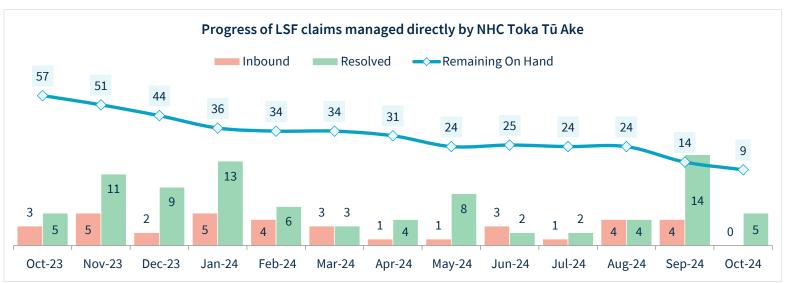
Section 3 - Recovery | Claims relating to natural hazard events (excl. Canterbury)

Kaikōura



NHC Toka Tū Ake managed Earthquake and LSF Claims





Section 3 - Recovery | Claims relating to natural hazard events (excl. Canterbury)

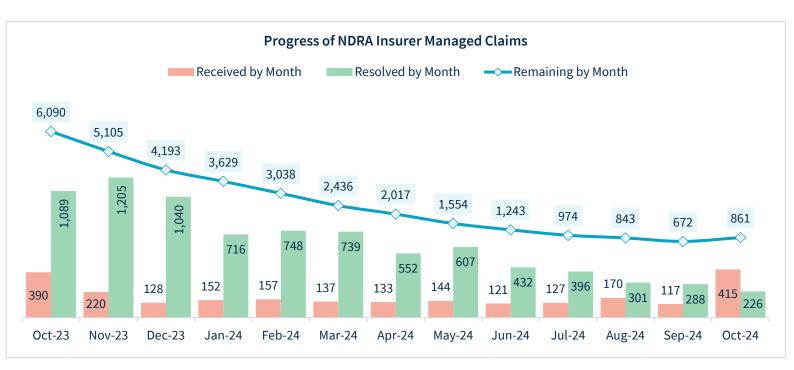
How many claims have we received since the start of the NDRA?

Since commencement of the NDRA, we've received 19,652 claims (cf. 19,225 reported last month). Just under 80% of reported claims are related to a weather event. We've received 8,616 claims to date for the Jan-Feb 2023 Upper North Island weather events, over 97% of which are resolved.

Progression of claims relating to natural hazard events (excluding the 2010-11 CES)

In this financial year, we're focused on reporting the progress that our NDRM insurers, as a whole, are making on claims lodged in this financial year.

The following visual provides a 13 month rolling view of progress that our NDRM insurers have made on settling claims under the NDRA.



Section 4 - Meeting our obligations under the Code of Insured Persons' Rights

You're protected by the Code of Insured Persons' Rights

<u>The Code of Insured Persons' Rights</u> supports homeowners to be treated fairly and receive a timely outcome when they make a claim. Their rights and the obligations of NHC Toka Tū Ake and NDRM insurers are outlined in full in the Code. The Code applies to any interactions from 1 July 2024 for new or existing natural hazards cover claims. NHC Toka Tū Ake, or anyone working on our behalf, must follow the Code.

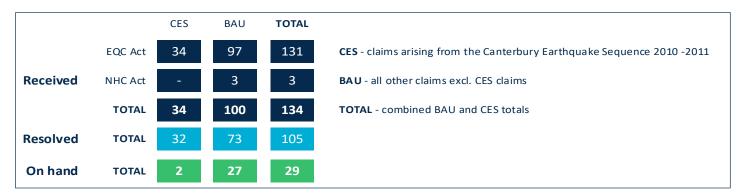
If homeowners believe we have not followed the Code during the claims process, they can make a complaint. We will investigate the complaint and advise homeowners of the outcome. If there is a breach, we may take one of the actions listed in the Code.

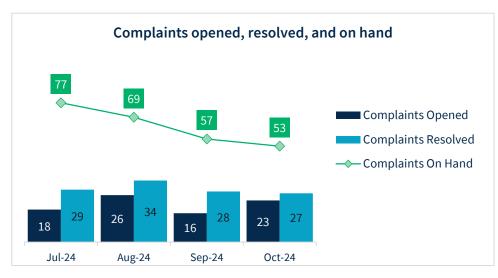
What reporting is included in this section?

This section monitors complaints made by insured persons'. Specifically we report on whether we're resolving complaints in a timely manner and reporting on the uptake of other resolution avenues available under the Code.

The Code is a requirement under the NHI Act and addresses the lessons learned from previous natural hazard events.

Complaints opened, resolved, and on hand within the FYTD2024-25





Explained:

Why are the on hand numbers different?

The table above captures opened and resolved claims within the current financial year only. The chart to the left encompasses complaint activity for the current financial year to date as well as complaints still on hand at the end of the previous financial year.

What's the nature of the complaints that we have on hand for insurer managed claims?

From the information received to date, the predominant complaint themes overall are:

- damage not covered by the Act
- assessment Outcome (repair strategy or costs)
- · communication, and
- · timeframes.

We are looking at access to additional information that will provide richer insights.

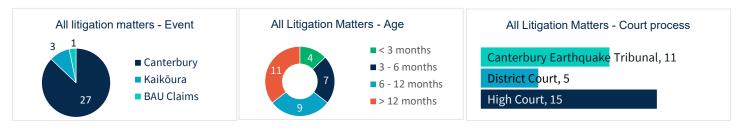
Explained: Why do some of our previously published complaint figures change?

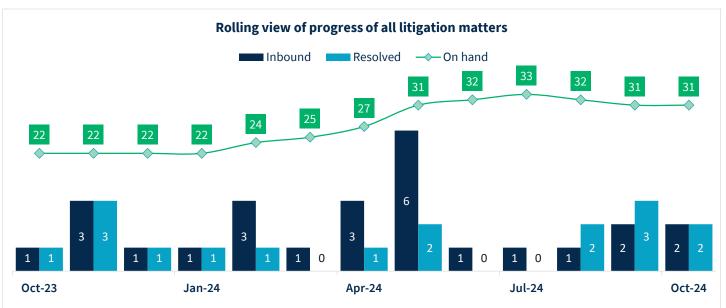
Previously published figures changes occur due to notification from NDRM insurers, post report period, of changes in complaints statuses and any additional complaints.

Section 4 - Meeting our obligations under the Code of Insured Persons' Rights (cont.)

Claims subject to litigation matters

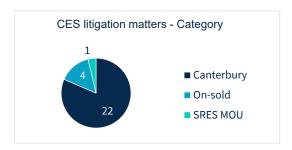
Overall, we have 31 litigation matters currently in progress.

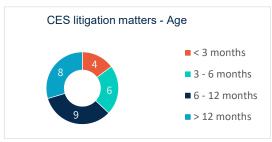




Canterbury Earthquake Sequence 2010-11 (CES) claims subject to litigation matters

Litigation matters relating to CES claims account for 26 of the 31 litigation matters currently in progress. The following visuals provide a breakdown by work programme and by age.





Section 5 - Coverage and engagement through media

Traditional media coverage across October

October was a comparatively busier month for media coverage of NHC Toka Tū Ake with 83 mentions recorded across the month (cf. 67 last month).

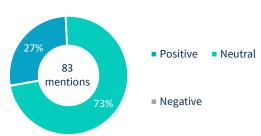
This month saw the highest percentage of neutral media coverage of NHC to date, with 73% of mentions attracting neutral sentiment. The balance of sentiment across the month was positive at 27%, and no negative sentiment.

Coverage by channel this month shows that almost eight out of every ten mentions this month occurred either online or via newspaper.

Coverage by channel across October

Online Blog Radio Rewspaper TV Podcast

Sentiment of coverage across October



Note

To calculate the coverage volume, we count the number of theme tags that each story attracts. Some stories will have multiple theme tags assigned.

27% of mentions in the media this month attracted positive coverage, including:

- The Post/The Press/Waikato Times Review finds big gap in awareness of natural hazards insurance
- Insurance Business magazine Natural Hazards Commission prepares New Zealand's youth for disaster risks

73% of mentions in the media this month attracted neutral coverage, including:

- The Post Adapting to climate change an individual or group pursuit?
- NZ Herald <u>Politicians agree Government shouldn't stop flood-prone property values from falling and insurers from</u> hiking premiums

Media releases this month

We distributed two media releases in October:

- 25 October Independent review notes strengths, lessons for natural hazards insurance recovery
- 31 October <u>Iwi works with scientists to protect community from natural hazards</u>

And published three other website articles, including one about our 23/24 Annual Report:

- 13 October Empowering the next generation for a resilient future
- 17 October Researcher profile: Professor Santiago Pujol
- 31 October Final EQC annual report shows a productive year for the natural hazards insurance provider

Media enquiries

We received three media enquiries unrelated to the above media releases this month:

- **RNZ** We received a media enquiry about staff numbers and cost cutting. We responded that following two realignments and a reduction in spending on contractors and consultants, NHC has reduced costs by \$1,269,854.
- Christchurch Star We received a media enquiry about the number of claimants in the ILV and DOV class action, and the On Sold class action, and how much we have paid to defend these actions. We responded that no ILV/DOV class action has been formed, there were 229 On Sold class members and that we can't release cost information for matters before the courts.
- **RNZ** We received a media enquiry from RNZ about how many claims we had received to date from the Otago heavy rainfall. We responded that at that date (8 Oct) we had received 50 claims.

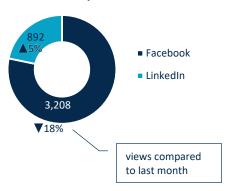
Section 5 - Coverage and engagement through media (cont.)

Our social media profiles

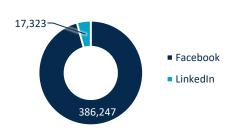
Both NHC's social media channels continue to grow at a steady rate this month largely due to posting a record number of posts this month (24 times on Facebook, 18 times on LinkedIn).

Our content pillar in October continued to be 'Safer Homes' and our first in our Homebuyers post in our series exceeded expectations on Facebook and was our top organic performer across both social media profiles this month.

Social media profile views this month



Social media profile reach



What's the difference between 'views' and 'reach'

Views are when people come to our social media page and 'view' it. Reach is how many people saw the social media post/posts on their own social media feed.

Social media coverage analysis

Followers

• During October, we had 143 new followers on LinkedIn (cf. monthly avg. of 100) and 55 new followers on Facebook (cf. monthly avg. of 27).

Profile views/reach

- We received 892 profile views on LinkedIn (cf. monthly avg. of 839) and 3,208 profile views on Facebook (cf. monthly avg. of 2,660).
- We reached 17,323 people on LinkedIn (cf. monthly avg. of c.12.3k) and 386,247 people on Facebook (cf. monthly avg. of 100k).

Website engagement

In October, the homebuyers' campaign and Safer Homes content pillar on social media contributed to the higher than usual traffic. We saw more traffic coming to the site from typically engaged sources which led to the higher engagement time.

Views: 78,807 (**▲**22% of average)

Users: 29,734 (**▼**3% of average)

AVG engagement time: 59 seconds (▲ 37% of average)

Top pages Sources of traffic

1.) Homepage	Source	Paid Search	Direct	Organic search	Organic social
2.) Buying a home	October	28%	33%	27%	6%
3.) News					
4.) About NHCover	Average	22.5%	25.5%	18.6%	16.6%

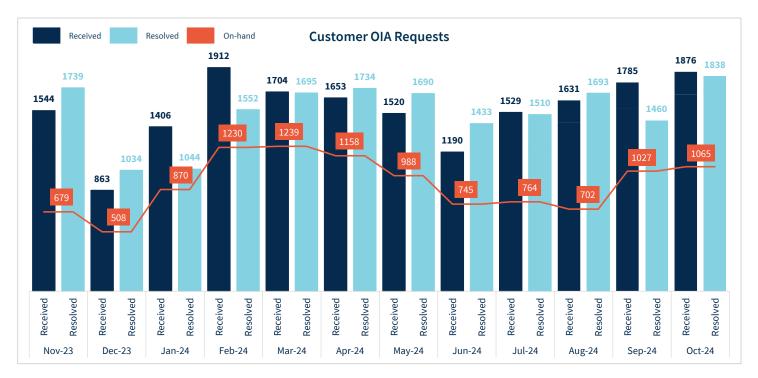
5.) Request information form

Section 6 - Official Information Act (OIA) requests

Our OIA team supports the work of NHC Toka Tū Ake by responding to requests for information covered by the Official Information Act and the Privacy Act. This requires investigating requests for information, communicating with the requestor and producing logical and factual reports.

Our reporting encompasses our two information request workstreams:

- Customer OIA requests (claim related information requests)
- Organisational OIA requests (all other information requests).



Across October, our Customer OIA and Contact Centre Teams received 1,876 new OIA requests (cf. 1,785 for Sep-24). Combined with the 1,027 requests on hand from last month and resolution of 1,838 requests this month, we have 1,065 requests on hand at month end.

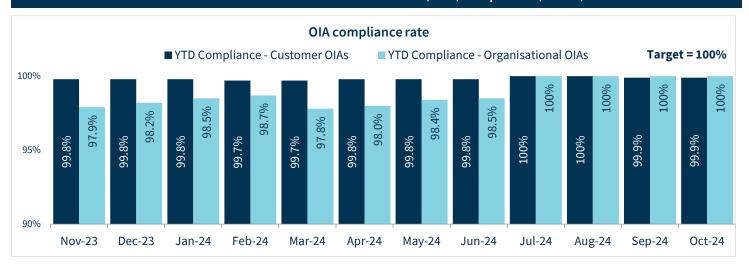
The increase in requests received this month continues to be driven by activity in the real estate market. The Portal continues to further promote the essential due diligence required on the part of both buyers and sellers.

The charts above and below show the monthly on hand population movement of our two customer information request workstreams.



Across October our Government Relations Team received 13 new organisational OIA requests (cf. 8 in Sep-24). Coupled with the 11 requests on hand from last month and 12 completed requests this month, the team had 12 requests on hand at month end.

Section 6 - Official Information Act (OIA) Requests (cont.)



Across October, our Customer OIA and Contact Centre teams achieved a compliance rate of 99.9% across 1,838 completed responses. Similarly, across the month, our Government Relations Team achieved a 100% compliance rate across 12 completed responses.

Ombudsman review of complaints received

Across October, we received one notice of formal investigation into an Ombudsmen Act complaint from the Ombudsman.

During this period, the Ombudsman delivered one formal investigation opinion that NHC Toka Tū Ake had not acted unreasonably.

Ministerial correspondence

Across October, we received one request to draft a response for the Minister's Office.

Contact centre performance - Phone Calls

	Jun-24	Jul-24	Aug-24	Sep-24	Oct-24
Outbound - Inbound Ratio	9:91	9:91	12:88	9:91	9:11
Grade of Service	94%	95%	100%	100%	100%
Abandonment Rate	0.1%	0.3%	0.3%	0.2%	0.5%
Roll Over No Answer	1	6	5	3	9
Total Calls	1,399	1,942	1,872	1,856	2,038
Total Email and Post	2,473	3,139	3,297	3,414	3,414

Contact centre performance - Grade of Service (GoS)

GoS this month

Across October, our grade of service for emails was 100% (unchanged from last month) and for phone calls was 100% (unchanged from last month).

Quality of the customer experience this month

The customer experience this month remains highly satisfactory at 96% (96% last month) across 918 surveyed customers (cf. 856 surveyed last month).

Received

1,858 calls via 0800 DAMAGE (cf. 1,689 last month)

1,723 emails via info@naturalhazards.govt.nz (cf. 1,629 last month)

Explained: Grade of service

Grade of service is defined as calls answered within 20 seconds and emails responded to within 7 working days.

Explained: Customer experience rating

Customers are invited to complete a survey after every call to rate their experience on a scale of 1-7.

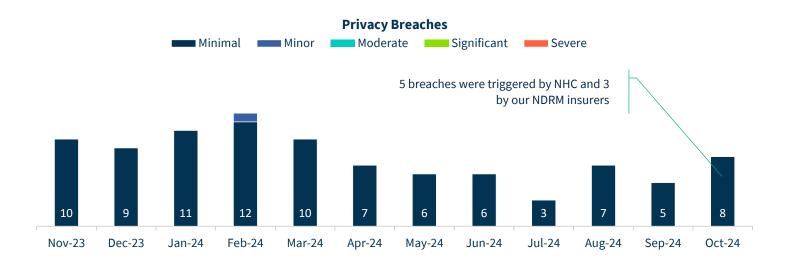
The descriptors used for the scale are as follows:

1 and 2 = negative; 3 and 4 = neutral; and 5,6,7 = positive.

Overall rating is the total positive ratings divided by total responses.

Section 7 - Data Protection

Across October, 8 privacy breaches (cf. 5 for Sep-24) were reported by our Risk and Compliance Team. None of the reported breaches this month met the notification threshold requiring us to report the breach to the Office of the Privacy Commissioner.



Privacy breaches

Of the 8 reported breaches this month, 5 were triggered by NHC Toka Tū Ake while 3 were attributed to our NDRM insurers. Over the last 12 months, 53 breaches are attributed to NHC Toka Tū Ake, while 44 breaches are attributed to our NDRM insurers.

Breach severity categories

Following the new Privacy Act 2020, which came in to effect on 1 December 2020, all breaches are now assessed against the Government Chief Privacy Officer Tool (GCPO). The GCPO categorisation system allows for transparent internal and external reporting on privacy incidents, and allows for benchmarking and direct comparisons of reported incidents across government agencies. The new rating categories are: 'Minimal', 'Minor', 'Moderate', 'Significant', and 'Severe'.

Below is an explanation of each rating:

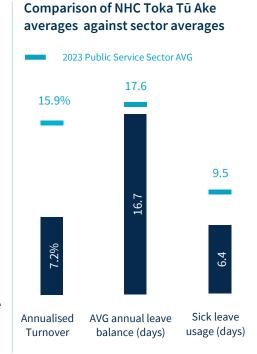
Minor Minimal Significant Information is sensitive or Small number of people Small number of people Breach of sensitive or Information is not highly sensitive with are affected with minor are affected with little or highly sensitive sensitive or highly serious potential or sensitive. Potential or potential or actual harm. no potential or actual information with serious actual harm. There will be potential or actual harm. Little or no indication of harm. Little or no actual harm is more than measurable and ongoing Indication of systemic minor. Customers and systemic problems. The indication of systemic negative impact on problems. The incident failure that could clients may stop using, or incident may get shortindividuals and/or term minor or isolated most likely won't get undermine government be reluctant to use, a agencies with potential media interest. systems. The incident will service or delivery media interest. long-term loss of trust significantly affect the channel. The incident and confidence in the reputation of and may get media attention agency. Possible undermine trust and or cause reputational risk indication of systemic confidence in the public due to the number of failure that could sector. The incident will people rather than the undermine government get ongoing media information involved. systems. The incident will coverage. get ongoing media coverage.

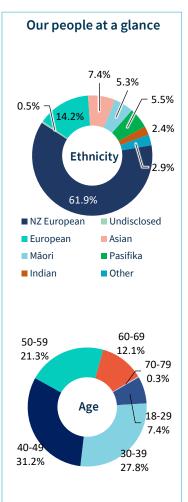
Section 8 - Our People

Across October, our permanent workforce headcount decreased by 2 to 364. In terms of full time equivalent (FTE) units, our permanent workforce headcount equates to just over 359 FTEs.

Across the month, our average annual leave balance and sick leave usage, along with our annualised turnover rate ('voluntary turnover') remain stable and continue to compare favourably to public sector averages.

Our People, Culture, and Capability team continues to actively work with our people leaders to understand employee departure causes, future requirements, and the importance of productive conversations to retain our talent. Regular feedback from people leaders is also part of staff development plans to foster positive employee engagement.





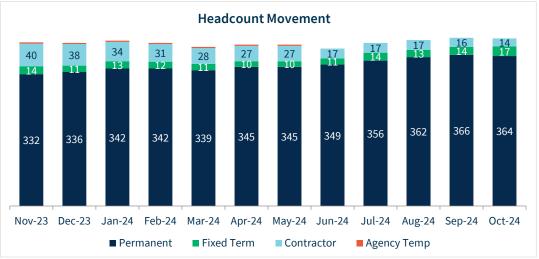
Female 55.4%

Gender

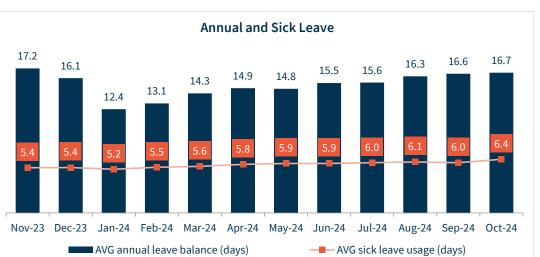
Event Focus

> CAN 42.3%

Non-binary







WLG 30.7% Location CHC 69.3%

Across the month, our average annual leave balance remaned largely static at 16.7 days.

35% of our people have an annual leave balance greater than 20 days. To support the health and wellness of our people, we continue to implement and actively manage leave plans for our people with larger annual leave balances.